



Description

The BP2338J is a high precision non-isolated buck driver with active PFC, specially designed for universal input offline constant current LED lighting. The driver with on-chip PFC circuit achieves high power factor and low THD. Operating in critical conduction mode, the power MOSFET switching loss is reduced and the inductor is fully utilized.

The BP2338J integrates a 600V power MOSFET. With few external components, the LED output current can be precisely controlled.

The BP2338J utilizes patented floating ground structure. The inductor current is sensed during the whole switching cycle. So it achieves high precision output current control, and excellent line regulation and load regulation.

The BP2338J utilizes patented start up technology with HV JFET. So it achieves fast start up, reduce count of external components, and realize smaller form factor.

The BP2338J offers rich protection functions to improve the system reliability, including LED open circuit protection, LED short circuit protection, VCC under voltage protection, CS resistor open circuit protection and cycle by cycle current limit. All the protection functions are auto-recovery. The system reliability is further improved by the thermal regulation function. The output current is reduced when the driver is over temperature.



Non-isolated Buck APFC LED Driver

Features

- Fast start up and power supply with HV JFET
- Integrated with 600V Power MOSFET
- Active PFC for High Power Factor and Low THD
- System Efficiency up to 95%
- ±3% LED Output Current Accuracy
- Excellent Line and Load Regulation
- Critical Conduction Mode Operation
- Ultra Low (300uA) Operating Current
- LED Short/Open Protection
- Current Sensing Resistor Open Protection
- Cycle by Cycle Current Limit
- VCC Under Voltage Protection
- Auto Fault Recovery
- Thermal Regulation Function

Applications

- LED retrofit lamps, Bulb, Spot Light, GU10/E27
- LED PAR30, PAR38 Lamp
- LED tube, LED String
- Other LED Lighting



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Typical Application

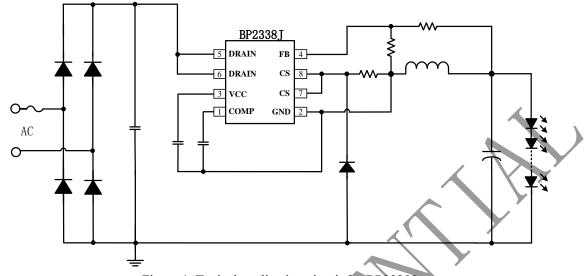


Figure 1. Typical application circuit for BP2338J

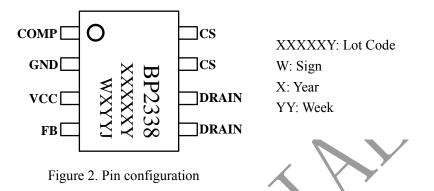
Ordering Information

Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature	Packing Method	Marking
DD22291	SOP8	-40 °C to 105 °C	Tape	BP2338
BP2338J	501%	-40 C 10 103 C	4,000 pcs/Roll	XXXXXY WXYYJ



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Pin Configuration and Marking Information



Pin Definition

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	COMP	Loop Compensation Node. This pin connects a capacitor to GND for stabilization of the control loop, achieving accurate LED current, high Power Factor and low THD.
2	GND	Ground.
3	VCC	Power Supply Pin. Connect a bypass capacitor from this pin to GND.
4	FB	Feedback Voltage detection Pin. This pin detects the inductor demagnetization signal and the output voltage.
5,6	DRAIN	Internal HV Power MOSFET Drain.
7,8	CS	Current Sense Pin. Connect a resistor to GND to sense the inductor current.



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Absolute Maximum Ratings (note1)

Symbol	Parameters	Range	Units	
V_{DS}	Internal HV MOSFET Drain to Source voltage	-0.3~600	V	
I _{CC_MAX}	VCC pin maximum sink current	20	mA	
COMP	Compensation pin voltage	-0.3~6	V	
FB	Feedback Voltage detection Pin	-0.3~6	V	
CS	Current sense pin	-0.3~6	V	,
P _{DMAX}	Power dissipation (note2)	0.45	W	
θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (Junction to Ambient)	145	°C/W	
TJ	Operating junction temperature	-40 to 150	°C	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature range	-55 to 150	°C	
	ESD (note3)	2	KV	

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Under "recommended operating conditions" the device operation is assured, but some particular parameter may not be achieved. The electrical characteristics table defines the operation range of the device, the electrical characteristics is assured on DC and AC voltage by test program. For the parameters without minimum and maximum value in the EC table, the typical value defines the operation range, the accuracy is not guaranteed by spec.

Note 3: Human Body mode, 100pF capacitor discharge on $1.5 K\Omega$ resistor

Recommended Operation Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Range	Unit
ILED 1 ILED 2	Output LED current @ Vout=72V	Input voltage 90Vac	< 220	mA
		Input voltage 176Vac	< 250	mA
	Output LED current @	Input voltage 90Vac	< 320	mA
	Vout=36V	Input voltage 176Vac	< 360	mA

Note 2: The maximum power dissipation decrease if temperature rise, it is decided by T_{JMAX} , θ_{JA} , and environment temperature (T_A) . The maximum power dissipation is the lower one between $P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ and the number listed in the maximum table.



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Electrical Characteristics (Notes 4, 5) (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC}=9V and T_A=25 °C)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
Supply Voltage Section								
V _{CC_ON}	V _{CC} Turn On Threshold	V _{CC} Rising		9.9		V		
V _{CC_UVLO}	V _{CC} Turn Off Threshold	V _{CC} Falling		7.4	~	v		
V _{CC_HIGH}	VCC Charge Limit	Vcc Rising		9.9	1	V		
V _{CC_HIGH_HYS}	VCC Hysteresis Window	Vcc Falling		1		v		
V _{CC_CLAMP}	V _{CC} Clamp Voltage			12		V		
I _{CC_UVLO}	V _{CC} Startup Current	V _{CC} Rising, V _{CC} = V _{CC_ON} - 1V		40	80	uA		
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Operating Current	F _{OP} =7kHz,		260	500	uA		
Feedback Sect	ion							
V_{FB_FALL}	FB Falling Edge Threshold Voltage	FB Falling		0.2		V		
V_{FB_HYS}	FB Hysteresis Voltage	FB Rising		0.15		V		
V_{FB_OVP}	FB Over Voltage Protection Threshold			1.6		V		
T _{ON_MAX}	Maximum On Time	4		35		us		
T _{OFF_MIN}	Minimum Off Time			2.5		us		
T _{OFF_MAX}	Maximum Off Time			150		us		
Current Sense	Section							
Vcs_limit	CS Peak Voltage Limitation			1.5		V		
TLEB_CS	Leading Edge Blanking Time for Current Sense			300		ns		
T _{DELAY}	Switch off Delay Time			200		ns		
Compensation	Compensation Section							
V _{REF}	Internal Reference Voltage		0.194	0.200	0.206	V		
V _{COMP_LO}	COMP Low Clamp Voltage			1.5		V		



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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
V _{COMP}	COMP Linear Operating Voltage Range		1.5		4.0	V	
V _{COMP_HI}	COMP High Clamp Voltage			4.0		V	
Power MOSFE	ET						
$R_{DS_{ON}}$	Static Drain-source On- resistance	V _{GS} =10V/I _{DS} =0.5A		2.0		Ω	
B _{VDSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{GS} =0V/I _{DS} =250uA	600			v	
I _{DSS}	Power MOSFET Drain Leakage Current	V _{GS} =0V/V _{DS} =600V			1	uA	
HV JFET			$\overline{)}$				
I _{JFET}	JFET current	Drain of JFET to GND 40V		9		mA	
B _{VDSS}	JFET Drain to Source		600			V	
I _{DSS}	JFET shut down Leakage Current			45		uA	
Thermal Regu	Thermal Regulation Section						
T _{REG}	Thermal Regulation Temperature			140		Ĉ	

Note 4: production testing of the chip is performed at 25°C.

Note 5: the maximum and minimum parameters specified are guaranteed by test, the typical value are guaranteed by design, characterization and statistical analysis

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BP2338J

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Internal Block Diagram

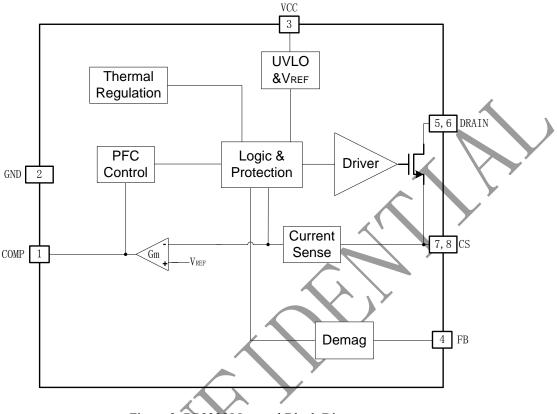


Figure 3. BP2338J Internal Block Diagram

Application Information

The BP2338J integrating a 600V power MOSFET, is a high precision non-isolated buck APFC LED driver, specially designed for universal mains with constant current control. The driver with on-chip PFC circuit achieves high power factor, low THD and high efficiency.

1 Start Up

After system powered on, the capacitor on VCC pin is charged up by the startup resistor. When the VCC pin voltage reaches the turn on threshold, the internal circuits start working. The COMP pin voltage is pulled up to 1.5V quickly, then the system starts switching from 10kHz frequency at the beginning, the COMP voltage rises up gradually, and the inductor peak current also rises up. The LED current hence achieves a soft start without overshoot. After the output voltage is built up, the VCC power is supplied by the output voltage through a diode.

2 Constant Current Control

The BP2338J utilizes patent pending floating ground structure. The inductor current is sensed during the whole switching cycle, thus it achieves high precision output current control and also excellent line and load regulation.

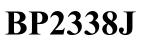
The LED current can be calculated by the equation:

$$I_{OUT} \approx \frac{V_{\text{REF}}}{Rcs}$$

Where,

V_{REF}: Internal reference voltage

Rcs: Value of the current sensing resistor





3 Feedback Network

The BP2338J senses the zero current crossing information through the feedback network, the FB falling threshold voltage is set to 0.2V with 0.15V hysteresis. The FB pin is multiple used to detect output voltage, the OVP threshold voltage is 1.6V. The ratio of FB upper resistor to lower resistor can be set as:

$$\frac{R_{FBL}}{R_{FBL} + R_{FBH}} = \frac{1.6V}{V_{OVP}}$$

Where,

 R_{FBL} : The lower resistor of the feedback network R_{FBH} : The upper resistor of the feedback network V_{OVP} : Output over voltage setting point

4 Thermal Regulation

The BP2338J integrates thermal regulation function. When the system is over temperature, the output current is gradually reduced; the output power and thermal dissipation are also reduced. The system temperature is regulated and the system reliability is improved. The typical thermal regulation temperature is set to 140° C internally.

5 Protection Functions

To improve the system reliability, BP2338J offers protection functions:

When the LED is open circuit, the output voltage will gradually rise up. The output voltage is sensed by the FB pin when power MOSFET is turned off. When FB voltage reaches the OVP threshold, it will trigger fault logic and the system stops switching.

When the LED is shorted circuit, the switching frequency will work under 7 kHz. Meanwhile, the output voltage is low and the VCC pin cannot be charged up by the output voltage, so the VCC pin voltage will gradually decrease and finally reaches the UVLO threshold.

After the system enters into fault condition, the VCC

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voltage will decrease until it reaches UVLO threshold. Then the system will re-start again. If the fault condition is removed, the system will resume normal operation.

When the output is short circuit or the inductor is saturated, the CS peak voltage will be relatively high. When CS voltage reaches the internal limitation (1.5V), the power MOSFET will be turned off instantaneously. This cycle by cycle current limitation can help protecting the power MOSFET, the inductor and the output diode.

6 PCB Layouts

The following guidelines should be followed in BP2338J PCB layout:

Bypass Capacitor

Put the bypass capacitor close to VCC pin, and loop compensation capacitor to COMP pin.

Ground Path

Keep a short and wide ground path for current sense resistor. The IC signal ground for COMP and FB components should be connected to the IC GND.

The Area of Power Loop

The area of main current loop should be as small as possible to reduce EMI radiation.

FB Pin

Put the divider resistor close to the FB pin as possible, and keep the trace away to the switching node.

DRAIN Pin

To increase the copper area of DRAIN pin for better thermal dissipation.



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Physical Dimensions

